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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/034,995	01/03/2002	Scott Abram Musman	82088-0001	1115

7590 08/04/2005
Scott Musman
7800 Hayfield Rd
Alexandria, VA 22315

EXAMINER

HIRL, JOSEPH P

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2129

DATE MAILED: 08/04/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/034,995

Applicant(s)

MUSMAN, SCOTT ABRAM

Examiner

Joseph P. Hirl

Art Unit

2129

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 May 2005.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-36 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 03 January 2002 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to an AMENDMENT entered May 20, 2005 for the patent application 10/034,995 filed on January 3, 2002.
2. The First Office Action of March 4, 2005 is fully incorporated into this Final Office Action by reference.

Status of Claims

3. Claims 1-36 are pending in this application.

Specification Objection

4. Specification ends at page 29. Claims start on page 32 and end on page 39. Abstract is on page 40. It appears that pages 30 and 31 are missing. These pages were not provided with the answer to the First Office Action dated May 20, 2005.

This objection must be corrected.

Double Patenting

5. A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis

added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer cannot overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

6. Claim 36 provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 45 of provisional Application No. 60/580,722. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

7. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double

patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

8. Claims 17-24 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 22-24, 28-30 and 32-39 of provisional Application No. 60/580,722. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because rewording of the claims failed to constitute a new invention.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

9. Claims 31-35 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 40-44 of provisional Application No. 60/580,722. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because rewording of the claims failed to constitute a new invention.

This is a provisional obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

10. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

11. Claims 1-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Douik et al (U.S. Patent 6,012,152, referred to as **Douik**).

Claim 1

Douik anticipates a plurality of interface agents running on the plurality of hosts, the plurality of interface agents assigned to resources within the computer network (**Douik**, para 11 below applies to all claims; Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 16-31); a plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents running on the plurality of hosts, wherein the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents is capable of accessing one or more case bases (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 6, 32-39; c 7, l 29-33; c 15, l 32-40); and a plurality of response agents running on the plurality of hosts (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 41-54), wherein an interface agent in the plurality interface agents sends an input regarding an event in an assigned resource to an appropriate distributed case-based reasoning agent. among the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 16-31), wherein the appropriate distributed case-based reasoning agent, upon receiving the input, accesses the one or more case bases to select a response and communicates the response to an appropriate response agent in the plurality of response agents (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 6, 32-39; c 7, l 29-33; c 15, l 32-

40), and wherein the appropriate response agent implements the response to resolve the event (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 41-54).

Claim 2

Douik anticipates the resources in the computer network includes network management tools, network security tools, operating system specific features, and health tools (**Douik**, c 3, l 4-9; c 9, l 14-40; Examiner's Note (EN): health tools are fault management tools).

Claim 3

Douik anticipates the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents consider inputs regarding multiple resources sent by one or more of the plurality of interface agents (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 6, 32-39; c 7, l 29-33; c 15, l 32-40).

Claim 4

Douik anticipates the response includes invoking one or more cases in the one or more case bases (**Douik**, c 7, l 34-43).

Claim 5

Douik anticipates the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents is capable of selecting a response when multiple cases in the one or more case bases match the input (**Douik**, c 7, l 29-54; c 11, l 38-53; c 15, l 32-40; c 26, l 30-37; EN: model-based reasoning incorporates the plurality of case-based reasoning facilitating the matching with input).

Claim 6

Douik anticipates the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents uses a precedence order to select a response (**Douik**, c 16, l 9-15; EN: precedence is order or hierarchy).

Claims 7, 27

Douik anticipates the precedence order is defined based on specificity and priority values (**Douik**, c 16, l 9-15; EN: such is reasoning, testing and knowledge maintenance).

Claims 8, 28

Douik anticipates the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents uses response function call-switches to select a response (**Douik**, c 26, l 7-29; c 30, l 20-30; c 36, l 42-46; EN: such is the process of repairing a phone system).

Claims 9, 29

Douik anticipates the response function call-switches include active, always-fire, call-next, and timeout switches (**Douik**, c 26, l 7-29; c 30, l 20-30; c 36, l 42-46; EN: such is the process of repairing a phone system; EN: telephone switchers are on or off - active or timeout, always on and queued relate to always-fire and call-next).

Claims 10, 30

Douik anticipates the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents uses a precedence order and response function call-switches to select the response (**Douik**, c 26, l 7-29; c 30, l 20-30; c 36, l 42-46; EN: such is the process of repairing a phone system to include the related hierarchy or precedence).

Claim 11

Douik anticipates the response includes invoking one or more cases in the one or more case bases (**Douik**, c 7, l 29-54; c.11, l 38-53; c 15, l 32-40; c 26, l 30-37; EN: model-based reasoning incorporates the plurality of case-based reasoning representing one or more cases).

Claim 12

Douik anticipates the plurality of cases includes case templates (**Douik**, c 17, l 6-51; EN: models are templates).

Claim 13

Douik anticipates the case templates are used to represent an event, add a new case, or analyze historical events (**Douik**, c 17, l 6-51; EN: such is models).

Claim 14

Douik anticipates agents including the plurality of interface agents, the plurality of distributed case-based reasoning agents, and the plurality of response agents are independent (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 6, 32-39; c 7, l 29-33; c 15, l 32-40).

Claim 15

Douik anticipates cases in the one or more case bases are Adaptable (**Douik**, c 27, l 43-52).

Claims 16, 18, 33

Douik anticipates a failing agent is replaced by another Agent (**Douik**, c 3, l 48-57).

Claims 17, 31, 36

Douik anticipates monitoring a resource in the computer network using an interface agent (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 16-31); reporting, using the interface agent, an event in the resource to an appropriate distributed case-based reasoning agent (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 16-31); selecting a response using the appropriate distributed case-based reasoning agent (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 6, 32-39; c 7, l 29-33; c 15, l 32-40); and implementing the response using an appropriate response agent (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 15, l 41-54), wherein the appropriate distributed case-based reasoning agent accesses one or more case bases in the selecting step (**Douik**, Figs. 1, 2; c 6, 32-39; c 7, l 29-33; c 15, l 32-40; EN: computer systems have computer readable mediums – **Douik**, 1, 26-36).

Claims 19, 34

Douik anticipates dynamically updating the one or more case bases.
(**Douik**, c 24, l 64-67 ; c 25, l 1-11).

Claim 20

Douik anticipates the updating step uses a plurality of case templates (**Douik**, c 17, l 6-51).

Claim 21

Douik anticipates an event using a case template, wherein the case template may be updated (**Douik**, c 17, l 6-65).

Claim 22

Douik anticipates adding a new case to the one or more case bases using a case template (**Douik**, c 18, l 34-50; c 26, l 30-37; EN: SFM contains the case-based reasoning and agents).

Claim 23

Douik anticipates analyzing historical data using a case template (**Douik**, c 26, l 30-37).

Claim 24

Douik anticipates the analyzing step may be used in the selecting step (**Douik**, Fig. 2).

Claims 25, 35

Douik anticipates resolving a conflict when multiple cases match the event (**Douik**, c 26, l 7-29; EN: fault is synonymous with multiple case conflict).

Claim 26

Douik anticipates the resolving step uses a precedence order (**Douik**, c 26, l 7-29; EN: hierarchical order establishes precedence).

Claim 32

Douik anticipates surviving a failure without service interruption (**Douik**, c 29, l 48-60).

Response to Arguments

12. The statutory double patenting provisional rejection to claims 1-36 under 35 U.S.C. 101 is withdrawn.

13. Applicant's arguments filed on May 20, 2005 related to Claims 1-36 have been fully considered but are not persuasive.

In reference to Applicant's argument:

Claim 36 stands provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 45 of Provisional Application No. 60/580,722. Applicant respectfully traverses this rejection. Applicant notes that double patenting rejections can only be properly made over non-provisional applications. As such, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of this rejection. If the provisional application becomes a non-provisional application, the issue raised will be addressed.

Claims 17-24 stand provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 22-24, 28-30 and 32-39 of Provisional Application No. 60/580,722. Applicant respectfully traverses this rejection. Applicant notes that double patenting rejections can only be properly made over non-provisional applications. As such, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of these rejections. If the provisional application becomes a non-provisional application, the issue raised will be addressed.

Claims 31 -35 stand provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 40-44, respectively, of Provisional Application No. 60/580,722. Applicant respectfully traverses this rejection. Applicant notes that double patenting rejections can only be properly made over non-provisional applications. As such, Applicant respectfully requests withdrawal of these rejections. If the provisional application becomes a non-provisional application, the issue raised will be addressed.

Examiner's response:

Applicant is directed to MPEP804 I.B. which references two co-pending applications filed by the same inventive entity. The double patenting rejections remain.

In reference to Applicant's argument:

Independent claim 1 recites, inter alia, "a plurality of interface agents running on the plurality of hosts." Independent claim 17 recites, inter alia, "monitoring a resource in the computer network using an interface agent." Independent claim 31 recites, inter alia, "means for monitoring a resource in the computer network using an interface agent," while independent claim 36 recites, inter alia, "computer readable program code configured to monitor a resource in the computer network using an interface agent." The interface agents of the present invention are components that allow system events to be monitored, captured, translated into a standard format (a pre-negotiated case structure) for use by the system and transported to a reasoning agent that can reason about the event. (See specification paragraphs (0052)-(0061)). In contrast, the interface agents disclosed by Douik et al. are part

of a GUI system for interaction between humans and the software and hardware. (col. 27, line 63 - col. 28, line 5). They do not perform the functions of the interface agents of the claimed invention. Furthermore, Douik et al. do not disclose any agent that performs the function of the interface agents of the claimed invention.

Examiner's response:

Para 17 below applies. Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. Each limitation of the claims has been appropriately addressed in the First Office Action dated March 4, 2005. Indeed each Douik agent monitors, captures and translates into a common format ... this is what agents do ... a software function (Douik, c 11, l 1-15). The Correlation Agent of Fig. 2 is an interface agent.

Examination Considerations

14. The claims and only the claims form the metes and bounds of the invention. "Office personnel are to give the claims their broadest reasonable interpretation in light of the supporting disclosure. *In re Morris*, 127 F.3d 1048, 1054-55, 44USPQ2d 1023, 1027-28 (Fed. Cir. 1997). Limitations appearing in the specification but not recited in the claim are not read into the claim. *In re Prater*, 415 F.2d, 1393, 1404-05, 162 USPQ 541, 550-551 (CCPA 1969)" (MPEP p 2100-8, c 2, l 45-48; p 2100-9, c 1, l 1-4). The Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense. Examiner will reference prior art using terminology familiar to one of ordinary skill in the art. Such an approach is broad in concept and can be either explicit or implicit in meaning.

15. Examiner's Notes are provided to assist the applicant to better understand the nature of the prior art, application of such prior art and, as appropriate, to further indicate other prior art that maybe applied in other office actions. Such comments are entirely consistent with the intent and spirit of compact prosecution. However, and unless otherwise stated, the Examiner's Notes are not prior art but a link to prior art that one of ordinary skill in the art would find inherently appropriate.

16. Unless otherwise annotated, Examiner's statements are to be interpreted in reference to that of one of ordinary skill in the art. Statements made in reference to the condition of the disclosure constitute, on the face of it, the basis and such would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art; establishing thereby an inherent prima facie statement.

17. Examiner's Opinion: Paras 14-17 apply. The Examiner has full latitude to interpret each claim in the broadest reasonable sense.

Conclusion

18. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire **THREE MONTHS** from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

19. Claims 1-36 are rejected.

Correspondence Information

Any inquiry concerning this information or related to the subject disclosure should be directed to the Examiner, Joseph P. Hirl, whose telephone number is (571) 272-3685. The Examiner can be reached on Monday – Thursday from 6:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Anthony Knight can be reached at (571) 272-3687.

Any response to this office action should be mailed to:

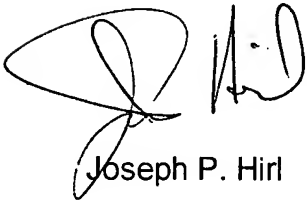
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(571) 273-8300 (for formal communications intended for entry).

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A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Joseph P. Hirl', is written over a printed name.

Joseph P. Hirl
Primary Examiner

July 19, 2005